

Scaling the Memory Wall for Sparse Iterative Solvers

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1m resolution (4M grid cells)



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Actuator-Line Model



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Actuator-Line Model

Implicit Time-Stepping



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Actuator-Line Model

Implicit Time-Steppine

Two Sparse Systems per Time-Step



Build orthogonal basis of a Krylov subspace

$$\mathcal{K}_m(A, r_0) = \operatorname{span}\{q_1, q_2, \ldots, q_m\}$$

Using the Arnoldi process

$$AQ_k = Q_{k+1}H_k.$$



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One vector requires 64MB of RAM



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Using the Arnoldi process

$$AQ_k = Q_{k+1}H_k.$$

One vector requires 64MB of RAM Needs only 20-40 Iterations







DFLF





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- Partially use polynomial with constant coefficients
- Fewer orthogonalization operations
- More compute-intensive 'tall&skinny' operations
- Bundle reductions
- Glue SpMV's together (Matrix-Power Kernel):

$$y^k = \sum_{k=1}^s \alpha_k A^k x$$





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- Bundle rev

s-step

her (Matrix-Power Kernel): $y^k = \sum \alpha_k A^k x$ methods k=1









- Nony' operations

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Bundle rev

s-step methods

Polynomial preconditioners



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Simple Example: Neumann Polynomial Preconditioner



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Simple Example: Neumann Polynomial Preconditioner

Neumann series
$$\frac{1}{x} \approx \sum_{k=1}^{s} (1-x)^k$$





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Jacobi splitting
$$A = D - (L + U)$$





Simple Example: Neumann Polynomial Preconditioner



Jacobi splitting
$$A = D - (L + U)$$

Degree-s preconditioner

$$(D^{-1}A)^{-1}v \approx [D^{-1}(L+U)]^{s}D^{-1}v$$

























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Alappat et al, "Level-Based Blocking for Sparse Matrices: Sparse Matrix-Power-Vector Multiplication," in *IEEE Transactions on Parallel and Distributed Systems*, 2023, doi: 10.1109/TPDS.2022.3223512.

Wavefront passing through matrix.

More complicated than the Regular example seen here!



Sparse Matrix 🖾 Graph



Sparse Matrix

Example of 2D-7 Point stencil



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Sparse Matrix 🖾 Graph



Sparse Matrix

Graph Example of 2D-7 Point stencil



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Example of 2D-7 Point stencil



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Example of 2D-7 Point stencil

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Example of 2D-7 Point stencil

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Example of 2D-7 Point stencil

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Example of 2D-7 Point stencil

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Preconditioner Iter. #effective SpMVs Solve time (s) Time (s)







Preconditioner	lter.	#effective SpMVs	Solve time (s)	Time (s)
None	43	43	3.72	3.83



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None	43	43	3.72	3.83
Jacobi	24	24	1.73	1.83



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Preconditioner	lter.	#effective SpMVs	Solve time (s)	Time (s)
None	43	43	3.72	3.83
Jacobi	24	24	1.73	1.83
GS	13	26	1.73	1.83



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Poly(5)	6	30	1.76	2.24
RACE + Poly(5)	6	30	1.16	1.64



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RACE + Poly(5)	6	30	1.16	1.64
Jacobi(5)	5	25	1.29	1.40



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Poly(5)	6	30	1.76	2.24
RACE + Poly(5)	6	30	1.16	1.64
Jacobi(5)	5	25	1.29	1.40
RACE + Jacobi(5)	5	25	0.60	0.70

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Alappat et al.: A Recursive Algebraic Coloring Technique for Hardware-efficient Symmetric Sparse Matrix-vector Multiplication, ACM TOPC 7 (3), 2020

Alappat et al.: Level-based blocking for Sparse Matrices: Sparse Matrix-Power-Vector Multiplication. IEEE TPDS 34(2), 2023

Alappat et al.: Algebraic Temporal Blocking for Iterative Solvers on Multi-Core CPUs. To be submitted, will be on arXiv soon.





DCSE Summerschool next week: Linear Algebra on High Performance Computers



Paolo Bientinesi (Umeå University)

Delft

Gerhard Wellein (U. Erlangen)





Laura Grigori (EPFL)

Few places available: https://www.aanmelder.nl/143287

